

IS3R 2023

Berlin/Germany

August 24–26, 2023

AI discussion

Elizabeth
Morris

UC Davis

ChatGPT

1. Appropriateness:

1. Reflection: AI can help ensure the appropriate use of imaging studies by providing **decision support** to physicians, reducing unnecessary tests.
2. Proposed Metrics: **Percentage reduction in unnecessary imaging tests, rate of adherence to evidence-based guidelines.**

2. Quality:

1. Reflection: AI can enhance **diagnostic accuracy and consistency** by identifying subtle abnormalities that may be missed by human radiologists.
2. Proposed Metrics: **Increase in sensitivity and specificity rates, reduction in missed diagnoses, comparative analysis of AI-assisted vs. human-only interpretations.**

3. Service:

1. Reflection: AI can **expedite the interpretation process**, leading to faster results and reduced waiting times for patients.
2. Proposed Metrics: **Average time from image acquisition to report generation, patient satisfaction surveys regarding waiting times.**

4. Cost:

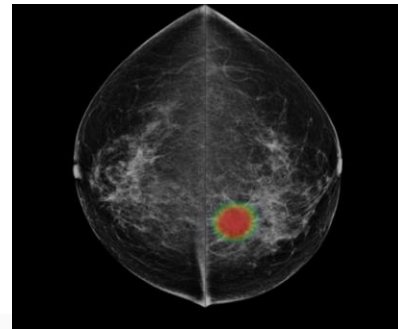
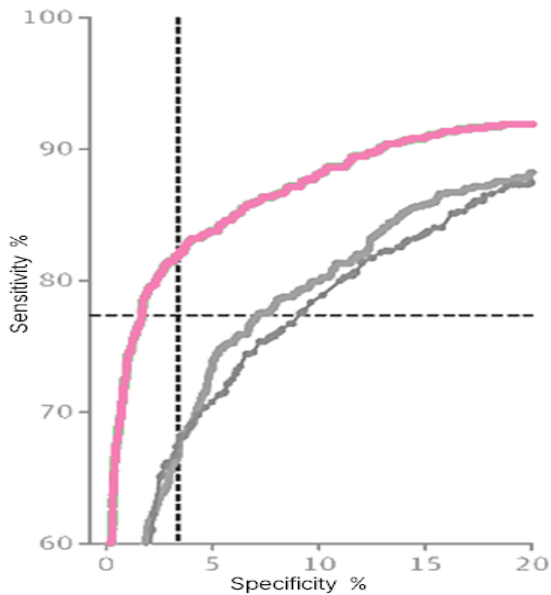
1. Reflection: AI could potentially **reduce costs** by improving diagnostic accuracy, avoiding unnecessary tests, and optimizing resource allocation.
2. Proposed Metrics: **Cost savings per patient due to reduced repeat imaging, comparison of overall healthcare expenditure with and without AI integration.**

5. Waste:

1. Reflection: AI can **minimize wastage** of resources by ensuring appropriate testing, reducing the need for repeat imaging, and improving resource utilization.
2. Proposed Metrics: **Reduction in repeat imaging rates, decrease in resource wastage, analysis of instances where AI led to avoiding redundant procedures.**

Lunit breast cancer detection algorithm

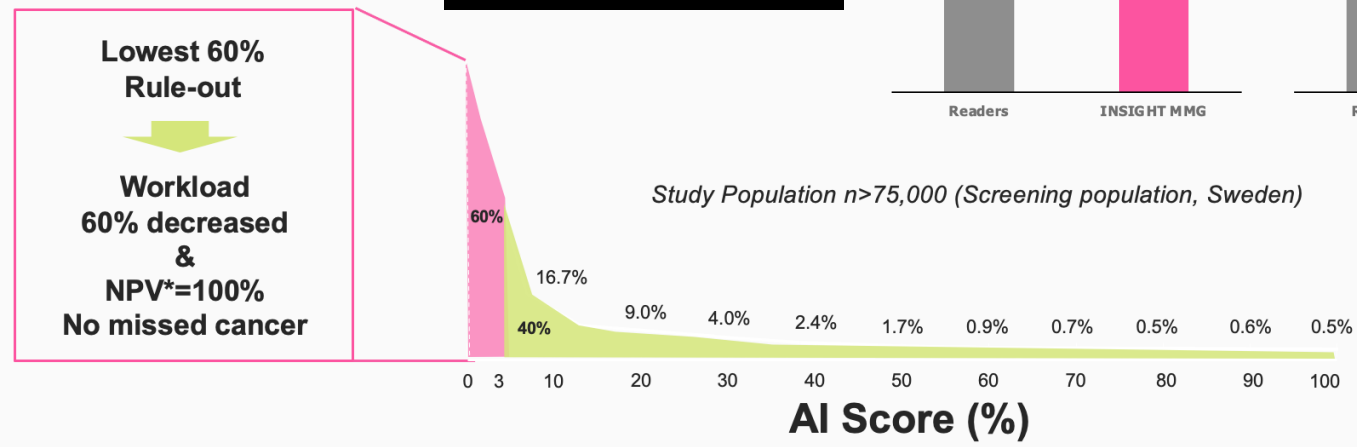
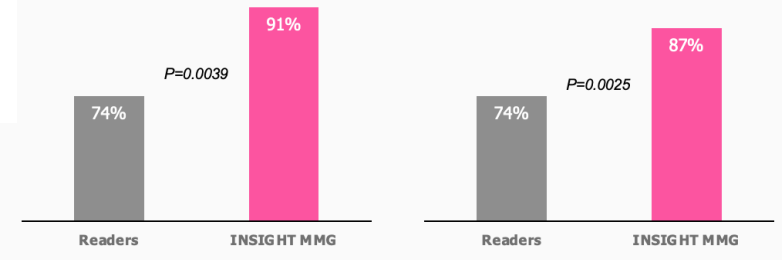
	Appropriateness	Quality	Service	Cost	Waste
	5	5	4?	?	?



<Performance on mammographic & pathologic features>

Stage T1
($\leq 20\text{mm}$; $n=80$)

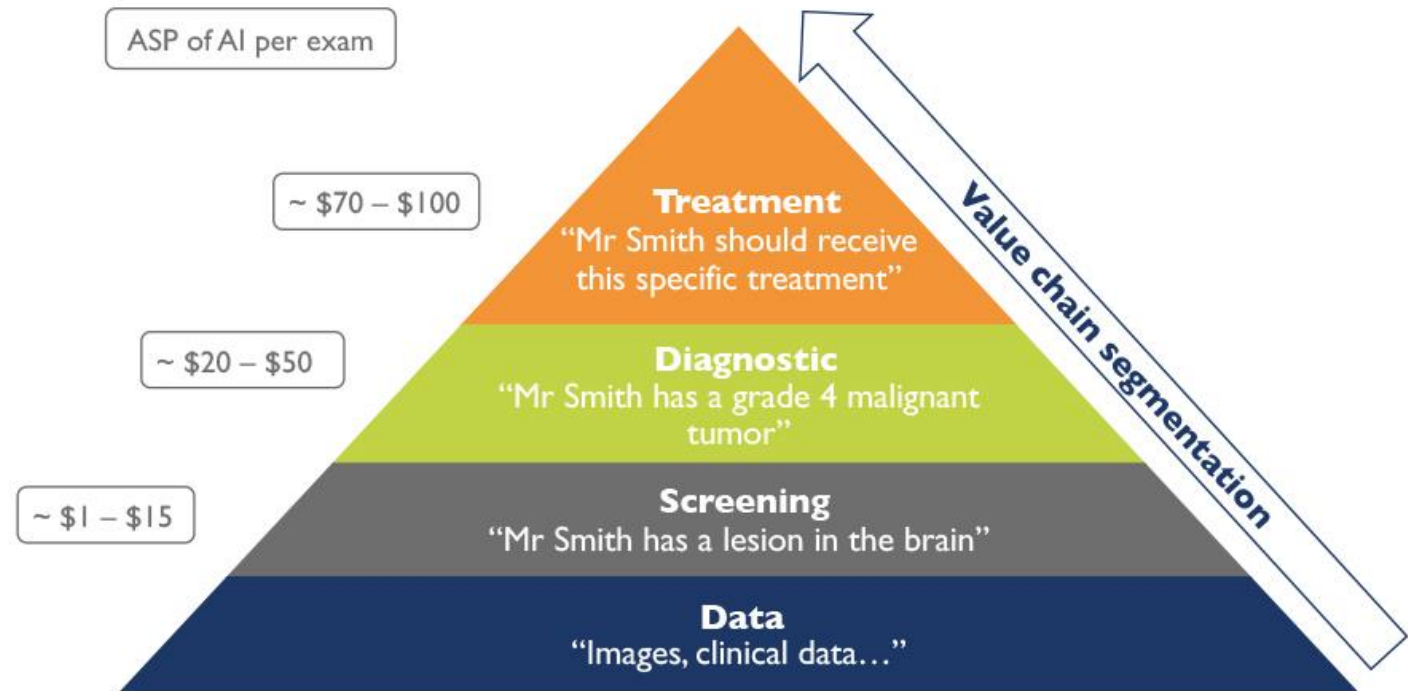
N stage negative
(lymph node, $n=119$)



Additional Points

- Algorithm Drift
 - Consistent validation
 - Changes in protocols/machines
 - Test algorithm on your population
- Cost
 - Department v Enterprise IT
 - Separate v bundled
 - Value based v FFS
- Human implications
 - Trust by radiologist/patient
 - Perceived loss of “art” in radiology

The artificial intelligence algorithm value chain
(Source: Artificial Intelligence for Medical Imaging 2020, Yole Développement, January 2020)







15th Biennial Symposium
of the International
Society for Strategic
Studies in Radiology

IS3R 2023

Berlin/Germany
August 24–26, 2023